

**GURU NANAK INSTITUTIONS TECHNICAL CAMPUS (AUTONOMOUS)**  
**SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY**  
**DEPARTMENT OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE & DATA SCIENCE**  
**COURSE STRUCTURE**

**(Applicable for the Batch admitted from 2021-2022)**

**IV YEAR I SEM**

<b>S.No.</b>	<b>Subject Code</b>	<b>Subject</b>	<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>Credits</b>
1		Data Analytics	3	0	0	3
2		Data Wrangling and Visualization	3	0	0	3
3		Professional Elective - IV	3	0	0	3
4		Professional Elective - V	3	0	0	3
5		Open Elective - III	3	0	0	3
6		Data Analytics Lab	0	0	2	1
7		Gender Sensitization Lab	0	0	2	0
8		Summer Internship	0	0	0	2
9		Mini Project	0	0	6	3
<b>Total Credits</b>			<b>15</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>21</b>

**Note: Summer Project Internship & Project-I to be taken up during the vacation after III year II semester examinations**



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**Professional Elective – IV:**

1. Quantum Computing
2. Expert Systems
3. Cloud Computing

**Professional Elective – V:**

1. Social Network Analysis
2. Federated Machine Learning
3. Augmented Reality & Virtual Reality

**Professional Elective – VI:**

1. Speech and Video Processing
2. Robotic Process Automation
3. Cognitive Computing

**List of Open Electives:**

1. Introduction to Natural Language Processing
2. AI Applications
3. Introduction to Data Structures
4. Introduction to Database Management System

**(Applicable for the Batch admitted from 2021-2022)**

### **DATA ANALYTICS**

**B.Tech. IV Year I Sem.**

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#### **Prerequisites:**

- A course on “Database Management Systems”.
- Knowledge of probability and statistics.

#### **Course Objectives:**

1. To explore the fundamental concepts of data analytics.
2. To learn the principles and methods of statistical analysis
3. Discover interesting patterns, analyze supervised and unsupervised models and estimate the accuracy of the algorithms.
4. To understand the various search methods and visualization techniques.

#### **SYLLABUS:**

##### **UNIT - I**

**Data Management:** Design Data Architecture and manage the data for analysis, understand various sources of Data like Sensors/Signals/GPS etc. Data Management, Data Quality (noise, outliers, missing values, duplicate data) and Data Processing & Processing.

##### **UNIT - II**

**Data Analytics:** Introduction to Analytics, Introduction to Tools and Environment, Application of Modeling in Business, Databases & Types of Data and Variables, Data Modeling Techniques, Missing Imputations etc. Need for Business Modeling.

##### **UNIT - III**

**Regression** — Concepts, Blue property assumptions, Least Square Estimation, Variable Rationalization, and Model Building etc.

**Logistic Regression:** Model Theory, Model fit Statistics, Model Construction, Analytics applications to various Business Domains etc.

##### **UNIT - IV**

**Object Segmentation:** Regression Vs Segmentation – Supervised and Unsupervised Learning, Tree Building – Regression, Classification, Overfitting, Pruning and Complexity, Multiple Decision Trees etc.

**Time Series Methods:** Arima, Measures of Forecast Accuracy, STL approach, Extract features from generated model as Height, Average Energy etc and Analyze for prediction

## **UNIT - V**

**Data Visualization:** Pixel-Oriented Visualization Techniques, Geometric Projection Visualization Techniques, Icon-Based Visualization Techniques, Hierarchical Visualization Techniques, Visualizing Complex Data and Relations.

### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Student's Handbook for Associate Analytics – II, III.
2. Data Mining Concepts and Techniques, Han, Kamber, 3rd Edition, Morgan Kaufmann Publishers.

### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Introduction to Data Mining, Tan, Steinbach and Kumar, Addison Wesley, 2006.
2. Data Mining Analysis and Concepts, M. Zaki and W. Meira
3. Mining of Massive Datasets, Jure Leskovec Stanford Univ. Anand Rajaraman Milliway Labs Jeffrey D Ullman Stanford Univ.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of this course students will be able to:

1. Understand the impact of data analytics for business decisions and strategy
2. Carry out data analysis/statistical analysis
3. To carry out standard data visualization and formal inference procedures
4. Design Data Architecture; Understand various Data Sources



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**DATA WRANGLING AND DATA VISUALIZATION**

**B.Tech. IV Year I Sem.**

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**Course Objectives:**

- To learn data wrangling techniques.
- To introduce visual perception and core skills for visual analysis.

**SYLLABUS:**

**UNIT - I:**

Data Wrangling: Need of data cleanup, data clean up basics — formatting, outliers, duplicates, Normalizing and standardizing data.

**UNIT - II:**

Introduction of visual perception, visual representation of data, Gestalt principles, information overloads. Creating visual representations, visualization reference model, visual mapping, visual analytics, Design of visualization applications.

**UNIT - III:**

Classification of visualization systems, Interaction and visualization techniques misleading, Visualization of one, two and multi-dimensional data, text and text documents.

**UNIT - IV:**

Visualization of groups, trees, graphs, clusters, networks, software, Metaphorical visualization

**UNIT - V:**

Visualization of volumetric data, vector fields, processes and simulations, Visualization of maps, geographic information, GIS systems, collaborative visualizations, evaluating visualizations

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Jacqueline Kazil and Katharine Jarmul, Data Wrangling with Python: Tips and Tools to Make Your Life Easier, O'Reilly.
2. Ward, Grinstein Keim, Interactive Data Visualization: Foundations, Techniques, and Applications. Natick A K Peters, Ltd.

**REFERENCE BOOK:**

1. E. Tufte, The Visual Display of Quantitative Information, Graphics Press.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to

- Perform data wrangling
- Explain principles of visual perception
- Apply core skills for visual analysis
- Apply visualization techniques for various data analysis tasks
- Evaluate visualization techniques



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**B.Tech. IV Year I Sem.**

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**QUANTUM COMPUTING**  
**(PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE – IV)**

**PRE-REQUISITE:**

1. Courses on "Data Warehousing and Data Mining on Finite Languages & Automata Theory"

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

1. To introduce the fundamentals of quantum computing
2. The problem-solving approach using finite dimensional mathematics

**SYLLABUS:**

**UNIT - I**

**Introduction to Essential Linear Algebra:** Some Basic Algebra, Matrix Math, Vectors and Vector Spaces, Set Theory. Complex Numbers: Definition of Complex Numbers, Algebra of Complex Numbers, Complex Numbers Graphically, Vector Representations of Complex Numbers, Pauli Matrice, Transcendental Numbers.

**UNIT - II**

**Basic Physics for Quantum Computing:** The Journey to Quantum, Quantum Physics Essentials, Basic Atomic Structure, Hilbert Spaces, Uncertainty, Quantum States, Entanglement.

**Basic Quantum Theory:** Further with Quantum Mechanics, Quantum Decoherence, Quantum Electrodynamics, Quantum Chromodynamics, Feynman Diagram Quantum Entanglement and QKD, Quantum Entanglement, Interpretation, QKE.

**UNIT - III**

**Quantum Architecture:** Further with Qubits, Quantum Gates, More with Gates, Quantum Circuits, The D-Wave Quantum Architecture. **Quantum Hardware:** Qubits, How Many Qubits Are Needed? Addressing Decoherence, Topological Quantum Computing, Quantum Essentials.

**UNIT - IV**

**Quantum Algorithms:** What Is an Algorithm? Deutsch's Algorithm, Deutsch-Jozsa Algorithm, Bernstein-Vazirani Algorithm, Simon's Algorithm, Shor's Algorithm, Grover's Algorithm.

## **UNIT - V**

**Current Asymmetric Algorithms:** RSA, Diffie-Hellman, Elliptic Curve. The Impact of Quantum Computing on Cryptography: Asymmetric Cryptography, Specific Algorithms, Specific Applications.

### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Nielsen M. A., Quantum Computation and Quantum Information, Cambridge University Press
2. Dr. Chuck Easttom, Quantum Computing Fundamentals, Pearson

### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Quantum Computing for Computer Scientists by Noson S. Yanofsky and Mirco A. Mannucci
2. Benenti G., Casati G. and Strini G., Principles of Quantum Computation and Information, Vol. Basic Concepts. Vol. Basic Tools and Special Topics, World Scientific.
3. Pittenger A. O., An Introduction to Quantum Computing Algorithms.

### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

1. Understand basics of quantum computing
2. Understand physical implementation of Qubit
3. Understand Quantum algorithms and their implementation
4. Understand the Impact of Quantum Computing on Cryptography



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**B.Tech. IV Year I Sem.**

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**EXPERT SYSTEMS**  
**(Professional Elective – IV)**

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

1. Understand the basic techniques of artificial intelligence.
2. Understand the Non-monotonic reasoning and statistical reasoning.

**SYLLABUS:**

**UNIT - I**

Introduction to AI programming languages, Blind search strategies, Breadth-first – Depth-first – Heuristic search techniques Hill Climbing – Best first – A Algorithms AO\* algorithm – game tress, Min- max algorithms, game playing – Alpha-beta pruning.

**UNIT - II**

Knowledge representation issues predicate logic – logic programming Semantic nets-frames and inheritance, constraint propagation; Representing Knowledge using rules, Rules-based deduction systems.

**UNIT - III**

Introduction to Expert Systems, Architecture of expert systems, Representation and organization of knowledge, Basics characteristics, and types of problems handled by expert systems.

**UNIT - IV**

**Expert System Tools:** Techniques of knowledge representations in expert systems, knowledge engineering, system-building aids, support facilities, stages in the development of expert systems.

**UNIT - V**

**Building an Expert System:** Expert system development, Selection of the tool, Acquiring Knowledge, Building process.

**Problems with Expert Systems:** Difficulties, common pitfalls in planning, dealing with domain experts, difficulties during development.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Elain Rich and Kevin Knight, "Artificial Intelligence", Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi.
2. Waterman D.A., "A Guide to Expert Systems", Addison Wesley Longman.

**REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Stuart Russel and other Peter Norvig, "Artificial Intelligence – A Modern Approach", Prentice- Hall.
2. Patrick Henry Winston, "Artificial Intelligence", Addison Wesley.
3. Patterson, Artificial Intelligence & Expert System, Prentice Hall India, 1999.
4. Hayes-Roth, Lenat, and Waterman: Building Expert Systems, Addison Wesley.
5. Weiss S.M. and Kulikowski C.A., "A Practical Guide to Designing Expert Systems", Rowman & Allanheld, New Jersey.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

1. Apply the basic techniques of artificial intelligence.
2. Discuss the architecture of an expert system and its tools.
3. Understand the importance of building an expert systems.
4. Understand various problems with an expert systems.



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**B.Tech. IV Year I Sem.**

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**CLOUD COMPUTING**  
**(PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE – IV)**

**PRE-REQUISITE:**

1. A course on "Computer Networks"
2. A course on "Operating Systems"
3. A course on "Distributed Systems"

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- This course provides an insight into cloud computing
- Topics covered include- distributed system models, different cloud service models, service- oriented architectures, cloud programming and software environments, resource management.

**SYLLABUS:**

**UNIT – I**

**Computing Paradigms:** High-Performance Computing, Parallel Computing, Distributed Computing, Cluster Computing, Grid Computing, Cloud Computing, Bio computing, Mobile Computing, Quantum Computing, Optical Computing, Nano computing.

**UNIT - II**

**Cloud Computing Fundamentals:** Motivation for Cloud Computing, The Need for Cloud Computing, Defining Cloud Computing, Definition of Cloud computing, Cloud Computing Is a Service, Cloud Computing Is a Platform, Principles of Cloud computing, Five Essential Characteristics, Four Cloud Deployment Models

**UNIT - III**

**Cloud Computing Architecture and Management:** Cloud architecture, Layer, Anatomy of the Cloud, Network Connectivity in Cloud Computing, Applications, on the Cloud, Managing the Cloud, Managing the Cloud Infrastructure Managing the Cloud application, Migrating Application to Cloud, Phases of Cloud Migration Approaches for Cloud Migration.

**UNIT - IV**

**Cloud Service Models:** Infrastructure as a Service, Characteristics of IaaS, Suitability of IaaS, Pros and Cons of IaaS, Summary of IaaS Providers, Platform as a Service, Characteristics of PaaS, Suitability of PaaS, Pros and Cons of PaaS, Suitability of

## **UNIT V**

**Cloud Service Providers:** EMC, EMC IT, Captiva Cloud Toolkit, Google, Cloud Platform, Cloud Storage, Google Cloud Connect, Google Cloud Print, Google App Engine, Amazon Web Services, Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud, Amazon Simple Storage Service, Amazon Simple Queue Service, Microsoft, Windows Azure, Microsoft Assessment and Planning Toolkit, SharePoint, IBM, Cloud Models, IBM Smart Cloud, SAP Labs, SAP HANA Cloud Platform, Virtualization Services Provided by SAP, Sales force, Sales Cloud, Service Cloud: Knowledge as a Service, Rack space, VMware, Manjra soft, Aneka Platform.

### **TEXT BOOK:**

1. Essentials of cloud Computing: K. Chandrasekhran, CRC press, 2014

### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Cloud Computing: Principles and Paradigms by Rajkumar Buyya, James Broberg and Andrzej M. Goscinski, Wiley, 2011.
2. Distributed and Cloud Computing, Kai Hwang, Geoffrey C. Fox, Jack J. Dongarra, Elsevier, 2012.
3. Cloud Security and Privacy: An Enterprise Perspective on Risks and Compliance, Tim Mather, Subra Kumaraswamy, Shahed Latif, O'Reilly, SPD, rp 2011.

### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

- Ability to understand various service delivery models of a cloud computing architecture.
- Ability to understand the ways in which the cloud can be programmed and deployed.
- Understanding cloud service providers.



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**B.Tech. IV Year I Sem.**

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**SOCIAL NETWORK ANALYSIS**  
**(PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE – V)**

**PRE-REQUISITE:**

1. A course on “Web Technologies”.
2. A course on “Computer Networks”.
3. A course on “Data Warehousing and Data Mining”.

**COURSE OBJECTIVE:**

1. It introduces the concepts of social media
2. It provides the mechanisms for social network analysis
3. Includes the concepts that allow for better visualization and analysis of widely used services such as email, Wikis, Twitter, flickr, YouTube, etc.

**SYLLABUS:**

**UNIT - I:**

**Introduction:** Social Media and Social Networks. Social Media: New Technologies of Collaboration.

Social Network Analysis: Measuring, Mapping, and Modeling collections of Connections.

**UNIT - II:**

NodeXL, Layout, Visual Design, and Labeling, Calculating and Visualizing Network Metrics, Preparing Data and Filtering, Clustering and Grouping.

**UNIT - III:**

**CASE STUDIES - I:**

Email: The lifeblood of Modern Communication. Thread Networks: Mapping Message Boards and Email Lists. Twitter: Conversation, Entertainment and Information.

**UNIT - IV:**

**CASE STUDIES - II:** Visualizing and Interpreting Facebook Networks, WWW Hyperlink Networks

**UNIT - V:**

**CASE STUDIES - III: You Tube:** Contrasting Patterns of Content Interaction, and Prominence. **Wiki Networks:** Connections of Creativity and Collaboration.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Hansen, Derek, Ben Sheiderman, Marc Smith, *Analyzing Social Media Networks with NodeXL: Insights from a Connected World*, Morgan Kaufmann, 2011.
2. Avinash Kaushik, *Web Analytics 2.0: The Art of Online Accountability*, Sybex, 2009.

**REFERENCE BOOK:**

1. Marshall Sponder, *Social Media Analytics: Effective Tools for Building, Interpreting and Using Metrics*, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, MGH, 2011.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

1. Ability to construct social network maps easily
2. Gain skills in tracking the content flow through the social media
3. Use NodeXL to perform social network analysis

**(Applicable for the Batch admitted from 2021-2022)**

**B.Tech. IV Year I Sem.**

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**FEDERATED MACHINE LEARNING  
(PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE – V)**

**PRE-REQUISITE:**

The prerequisite knowledge for this course includes machine learning, basic computer systems and basic programming skills.

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

1. Understand the key concepts and issues behind Federated Learning
2. Get familiar with key theoretical results of Federated Learning

**SYLLABUS:**

**UNIT - I**

**Introduction:** Motivation, Federated Learning as a Solution, The Definition of Federated Learning, Categories of Federated Learning, Current Development in Federated Learning, Research Issues in Federated Learning, Open-Source Projects, Standardization Efforts, The Federated AI Ecosystem Background: Privacy-Preserving Machine Learning, PPML and Secure ML, Threat and Security Models, Privacy Threat Models, Adversary and Security Models, Privacy Preservation Techniques, Secure Multi-Party Computation, Homomorphic Encryption, Differential Privacy.

**UNIT - II**

**Distributed Machine Learning:** Introduction to DML, The Definition of DML, DML Platforms, Scalability- Motivated DML, Large-Scale Machine Learning, Scalability-Oriented DML Schemes, Privacy-Motivated DML, Privacy-Preserving Decision Trees, Privacy-Preserving Techniques, Privacy-Preserving DML Schemes, Privacy-Preserving Gradient Descent, Vanilla Federated Learning, Privacy-Preserving Methods.

**UNIT - III**

**Horizontal Federated Learning:** The Definition of HFL, Architecture of HFL, The Client- Server Architecture, The Peer-to-Peer Architecture, Global Model Evaluation, The Federated Averaging Algorithm, Federated Optimization, The FedAvg Algorithm, The Secured FedAvg Algorithm, Improvement of the FedAvg Algorithm, Communication Efficiency, Client Selection  
**Vertical Federated Learning:** The Definition of VFL, Architecture of VFL, Algorithms of VFL, Secure Federated Linear Regression, Secure Federated Tree-Boosting.

**UNIT - IV**

**Federated Transfer Learning:** Heterogeneous Federated Learning, Federated Transfer Learning, The FTL Framework, Additively Homomorphic Encryption, The FTL Training Process, The FTL Prediction Process, Security Analysis, Secret Sharing-Based FTL Incentive Mechanism

Design for Federated Learning: Paying for Contributions, Profit- Sharing Games, Reverse Auctions, A Fairness-Aware Profit Sharing Framework, Modeling Contribution, Modeling Cost, Modeling Regret, Modeling Temporal Regret, The Policy Orchestrator, Computing Payoff Weightage.

## **UNIT - V**

Federated Learning for Vision, Language, and Recommendation: Federated Learning for Computer Vision, Federated CV, Federated Learning for NLP, Federated NLP, Federated Learning for Recommendation Systems, Recommendation Model, Federated Recommendation System Federated Reinforcement Learning: Introduction to Reinforcement Learning, Policy, Reward, Value Function, Model of the Environment, RL Background Example, Reinforcement Learning Algorithms, Distributed Reinforcement Learning, Asynchronous Distributed Reinforcement Learning, Synchronous Distributed Reinforcement Learning, Federated Reinforcement Learning, Background and Categorization.

### **TEXT BOOK:**

1. Federated Learning, Qiang Yang, Yang Liu, Yong Cheng, Yan Kang, Tianjian Chen, and Han Yu - Synthesis Lectures on Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning 2019.

### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

1. Knowledge of the basic concepts, architecture, and applications of FL.
2. Understanding of new research and application trends in FL.
3. Analyze horizontal federated learning
4. Understand the significance of Federated Learning for Vision, Language, and Recommendation



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**B.Tech. IV Year I Sem.**

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**AUGMENTED REALITY AND VIRTUAL REALITY**  
**(PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE – V)**

**PRE-REQUISITE:**

1. A course on “Data Warehousing and Data Mining”

**COURSE OBJECTIVE:**

1. The objective of this course is to provide a foundation to the fast-growing field of AR and make the students aware of the various AR devices.
2. To give historical and modern overviews and perspectives on virtual reality. It describes the fundamentals of sensation, perception, technical and engineering aspects of virtual reality systems.

**SYLLABUS:**

**UNIT - I:**

**Introduction to Augmented Reality:** What Is Augmented Reality - Defining augmented reality, history of augmented reality, The Relationship Between Augmented Reality and Other Technologies-Media, Technologies, Other Ideas Related to the Spectrum Between Real and Virtual Worlds, applications of augmented reality Augmented Reality Concepts- How Does Augmented Reality Work? Concepts Related to Augmented Reality, Ingredients of an Augmented Reality Experience.

**UNIT - II:**

**AR Devices & Components:** AR Components – Scene Generator, Tracking system, monitoring system, display, Game scene. AR Devices – Optical See- Through HMD, Virtual retinal systems, Monitor bases systems, Projection displays, Video see-through systems.

**UNIT - III:**

**Introduction to Virtual Reality:** Defining Virtual Reality, History of VR, Human Physiology and Perception, Key Elements of Virtual Reality Experience, Virtual Reality System, Interface to the Virtual World-Input & output- Visual, Aural & Haptic Displays, Applications of Virtual Reality.

**UNIT - IV:**

**Representing the Virtual World:** Representation of the Virtual World, Visual Representation in VR, Aural Representation in VR and Haptic Representation in VR, Case Study: GHOST B. Tech-Artificial Intelligence & Data Science – GNITC

(General Haptics Open Software Toolkit) software development toolkit.

#### **UNIT - V:**

**Visual Perception & Rendering:** Visual Perception - Perception of Depth, Perception of Motion, Perception of Color, Combining Sources of Information, Visual Rendering -Ray Tracing and Shading Models, Rasterization, Correcting Optical Distortions, Improving Latency and Frame Rates.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Allan Fowler-AR Game Development, 1st Edition, A press Publications, 2018, ISBN 978-1484236178
2. Augmented Reality: Principles & Practice by Schmalstieg / Hollerer, Pearson Education India; First edition (12 October 2016), ISBN-10: 9332578494

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Virtual Reality, Steven M. LaValle, Cambridge University Press, 2016.

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

1. Describe how AR systems work and list the applications of AR.
2. Understand and analyze the hardware requirement of AR.
3. Describe how VR systems work and list the applications of VR.
4. Understand the design and implementation of the hardware that enables VR systems to be built.



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**DATA ANALYTICS LAB**

**B.Tech. IV Year I Sem.**

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**Course Objectives:**

- To explore the fundamental concepts of data analytics.
- To learn the principles and methods of statistical analysis
- Discover interesting patterns, analyze supervised and unsupervised models and estimate the accuracy of the algorithms.
- To understand the various search methods and visualization techniques.

**List of Experiments:**

1. Data Preprocessing
  - a. Handling missing values
  - b. Noise detection removal
  - c. Identifying data redundancy and elimination
2. Implement any one imputation model
3. Implement Linear Regression
4. Implement Logistic Regression
5. Implement Decision Tree Induction for classification
6. Implement Random Forest Classifier
7. Implement ARIMA on Time Series data
8. Object segmentation using hierarchical based methods
9. Perform Visualization techniques (types of maps - Bar, Column, Line, Scatter, 3D Cubes etc)
10. Perform Descriptive analytics on Healthcare data
11. Perform Predictive analytics on Product Sales data
12. Apply Predictive analytics for Weather forecasting.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Student's Handbook for Associate Analytics – II, III.
2. Data Mining Concepts and Techniques, Han, Kamber, 3rd Edition, Morgan Kaufmann Publishers.

**REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Introduction to Data Mining, Tan, Steinbach and Kumar, Addison Wesley, 2006.
2. Data Mining Analysis and Concepts, M. Zaki and W. Meira
3. Mining of Massive Datasets, Jure Leskovec Stanford Univ. Anand Rajaraman  
Milliway Labs Jeffrey D Ullman Stanford Univ.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

- Understand linear regression and logistic regression.
- Understand the functionality of different classifiers.
- Implement visualization techniques using different graphs.
- Apply descriptive and predictive analytics for different types of data.

